

COMPANIONS

Guardians of Liberty Praise Villa, the Notorious Mexican Bandit.

Commend Him and His Soldiers For Assaults on the Church.

Brutal Acts Against Priests and Nuns Commended by Society.

EXCHANGE FRIENDLY GREETINGS

Another instance of the ideals and aims of the Guardians of Liberty, one of the numerous organizations, engaged in the profitable business of inciting the ignorant and low-minded to a bitter and superstitious hatred against the Catholic church, is furnished in October 22 issue of the Liberator, an anti-Catholic paper published in Magnolia, Ark. In that issue there is to be found a copy of a letter sent by Alamo Court No. 1 of the Guardians of Liberty to Gen. Francisco Villa, the notorious Mexican bandit, praising him for the brutal acts of himself and his soldiers in destroying churches, killing and driving forth priests, and assaulting Sisters in his war on the church in Mexico. The letter in part reads as follows: "Alamo Court No. 1, Guardians of Liberty of Texas, a patriotic organization of American citizens, with courts throughout the entire United States, which has for its purpose the maintaining of the United States constitution and the complete separation of Church and State, desires to express to you and other patriotic Mexicans our hearty approval of your actions and the great good and service you have and are rendering your people and the country. We would especially commend your actions in ridding your country of the basest of human vultures, the Catholic priesthood. Whenever women are forced to secretly confess to a man who has never married and knows nothing of the sacredness of woman or of home, it is but natural for immorality to exist, and until this practice is stopped it is impossible to raise up a liberty loving, intelligent, patriotic, moral generation. Again assuring you of our appreciation of your invaluable work to your country, and trusting that you may continue your good work until the people of your country are freed indeed from the root of the trouble, the Roman Catholic church, in the language of the patriot, we would exclaim, 'Viva Mexico by Villa.'"

In reply Villa expresses "his sincere thanks and very great pleasure" to "the honorable society," and wishes that "this honorable society continue progressing every day for the welfare of humanity and of civilization."

Both Villa and "the honorable society" are in good company. They have found companions of a like mind; they are proving anew the old adage that "birds of a feather flock together." The foul and putrid imaginings in which the so-called "patriotic" organization delights are well known to us by this time. Of Villa, despite the pathetic efforts of the daily press to shield his true character and the apparent indifference of the Government at Washington to note that Villa and his followers are the basest of human vultures, we also know enough to reveal the characteristics of the man who is now in control of affairs to a great degree in the Southern republic. Reputable periodicals such as the Outlook, while sympathizing with the revolutionary party in Mexico, have acknowledged the gross immorality of the man in charge of the revolution and of many of his followers. Villa himself is said to have a mistress in almost every town which receives his visitation; nor is this a mere private matter, for the course of the revolutionary army across the stricken country has been marked by a series of revolting orgies perpetrated most frequently in the churches. The most bestial practices have been committed in the most sacred places; and the brutal bandits have not even respected the persons of the Sisters, but have treated them in a manner which decency forbids repeating. Such are the men who are now running wild in Mexico; such are the friends of the men who are now conducting the campaign against the church in this country. It is a very sad commentary indeed upon our so-called civilization and progress that in a supposedly enlightened Commonwealth a party such as the latter should exist and that the administration at Washington, which was so solicitous but a short time ago regarding justice in Mexico, should suddenly become weak and vacillating in the face of such a disgraceful course of action on the part of those whom it assisted to come into the power which they misuse so flagrantly. But it is somewhat refreshing to note that Villa and his malodorous anti-Catholic "patriotic" understand each other and that they find a spirit of brotherhood in their disgusting task.

RETURNS MINUS BAGGAGE

The Rev. Father Thomas J. Hays, pastor of St. Joseph's church at Bowling Green, received word Monday from Father J. M. Dreville,

pastor of the Sacred Heart church at Russellville, stating that he had just reached New York City, minus his baggage, having been compelled to make a quick get-away from Lourches, France, near Lille, where a fierce battle was being waged by the Germans. Father Dreville went to Lourches in the early part of July to visit his people, when war was declared and he was not allowed to leave Lourches, being called to do some special work for the priests who were called into service. Father Dreville passed through this city Thursday evening en route to his home.

HIBERNIAN HOUSEWARMING.

Division I, A. O. H., the oldest in the city of Louisville, will celebrate the occupancy of its new home in the Liederkranz Hall building, Sixth and Walnut, next Thursday night with a real Irish housewarming. President Tarry and the committee invite the members of Divisions 2, 3 and 4 to come and enjoy themselves, to see the new meeting place and join with them in something good to eat and smoke. Another added feature will be the presence of Lieut. Gov. Edward J. McDermott, who will deliver an address. This will be in the nature of a home-coming, and it is hoped to see every member of Division I present. The County Board officers are expected to be the guests of honor.

WORRY OVERCOMES PRIEST.

It was necessary last Friday for officers to take the Rev. Christian Weigand, pastor of St. Elizabeth's church at Cordsville, adjacent to Owensboro, in charge. Father Weigand, who came to this diocese from Texas about a year ago, had two brothers in the European war. One was fighting with the Prussian army and the other with the Belgians. Recently he received word that one of them had been killed in battle. He has been worrying over the war and it is feared the news of the death of his brother impaired his mind. He became violent Thursday, and that night refused to admit the officers to his home. Friday morning another priest persuaded him to submit and he was brought to Owensboro. It was arranged to send him to a sanatorium in St. Louis, and he was taken there that night.

COVINGTON.

Division I, Ladies' Auxiliary, of Covington, has re-elected Mrs. Mary Monahan as County President for the ensuing two years, giving her a handsome majority. Miss Lula Murphy, the State President, was present and installed Mrs. Monahan. In a happy address she complimented the auxiliary upon its choice of one who by temperament and engaging personality was especially qualified to place the Covington division at the forefront of Kentucky Hibernianism. Several new members were initiated at this meeting, the Membership Committee reporting that they will have twenty or more applications at the meeting on November 11.

BENEFIT FOR HOSPITAL.

Lady and gentlemen friends of St. Mary and Elizabeth Hospital have made extensive preparation for the supper party and other entertainment to be given for the benefit of that institution next Wednesday and Thursday at the hospital, Twelfth and Magnolia. Games will be played both afternoon and evening, and each day there will be a light but excellent luncheon. Among the awards will be Thanksgiving turkeys and a number of tons of coal, and in addition many beautiful articles remaining over from the recent bazaar will be given away. Those who would help a worthy charity and spend a pleasant time will find here the real opportunity.

CATHOLIC KNIGHTS.

Next Friday night the Central Committee of the Catholic Knights of America will hold its regular meeting in St. John's Hall, Clay and Walnut, and President Ben Kruse urges that all branches be fully represented. The season for activity has arrived and the winter programme should be outlined at this meeting. Everywhere the Catholic Knights are making splendid progress, and it is safe to say the reports to be read will be an agreeable surprise.

WITH NUPITAL MASS.

Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Masters, of Bardtown Junction, last week announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Mary Alzora, to John D. Cooper. Their marriage will be solemnized with a nuptial mass at the Church of Our Holy Redeemer on the morning of November 26. The contracting parties are widely known and popular and the wedding will be one of the social events of the season.

POPE AND RED CROSS.

Pope Benedict XV. received in audience the Baroness Wedel Jarlsberg, who explained in detail the Red Cross organization in Germany and Austria. She told him of the good work being done by the organization. The Pope was deeply moved and blessed the charitable and humanitarian work, which he said was the one praiseworthy side of war.

CATHOLICS IN KENTUCKY.

In 1814 there were ten churches and 6,000 Catholics in this State, while the census of the present year shows a total of 238 churches and over 146,000 members.

FERRATA.

Papal Premier a Wise Diplomat and an Experienced Legate.

Pope's Right Hand in Dealing With the Civil Governments.

Was Successful in Negotiations in Belgium, Switzerland and France.

AN OUTLINE OF HIS CAREER

With the accession of a new Pope to the chair of Peter, the world, even amid war's alarms, has watched with expectant interest the first acts of the Pontiff. Of these acts the ones which excites perhaps most general interest is the appointment of a Cardinal Secretary of State. Each Pope appoints his own Cardinal Secretary of State, for that official is the Pope's right hand in dealing with civil governments. It is therefore of the utmost importance that the Cardinal Secretary, besides being a man of affairs, should also be like-minded with him whose chief instrument he is to be. Seldom perhaps has this rule of common sense been more clearly exemplified than in the appointment of Pope Benedict XV. of Cardinal Ferrata.

Born at Gradoli, near Viterbo, in 1847, Domenico Ferrata came of a family of much consideration in a neighborhood which had furnished many members to the service of the church. One of his brothers died an Augustinian monk. Reading maketh a full man and taking a ready man, and Dottore Ferrata's years of study and teaching had a ready-made formation of a mind singularly able and supple. So he was called upon to exercise his abilities in ecclesiastical diplomacy. After a short time at the Secretariate of Extraordinary Ecclesiastical Affairs he was in the summer of 1879 appointed auditor of the Apostolic Nunciature at Paris, where he had the good fortune to serve under a Nuncio whose ability is still a tradition, the Polish prelate, Mgr. Czakal, afterward Cardinal. Here Ferrata showed himself a quick learner in the delicate intricacies of diplomacy. After these years of training the time had come for Mgr. Ferrata to be entrusted with work of the highest importance. In April, 1883, he was recalled to Rome as Under Secretary of the Congregation of Extraordinary Ecclesiastical Affairs, in which post he was quickly confronted with matters of extreme difficulty. The first was concerned with Switzerland, the Government of which had adopted a sort of Kulturkampf and broken off all relations with the Holy See. He was entrusted with the arduous mission of appeasing the Government and closing the quarrel. On his first visit to Berne he set himself to gain its good will and in this he was, by a happy combination of affability and plain speaking, so successful that he brought the Government to see the desirability of a rapprochement with the Holy See.

In the following year he again went to Berne, but this time with the official status of Apostolic Delegate. The matter in hand concerned the diocese of Basle, which included cantons where feelings against the Holy See were bitterest and in one of which the ecclesiastical organization had to be arranged and established. Firm in his adherence to essential ecclesiastical principle, the Delegate Apostolic showed himself at the same time able to understand and allow for minor differences. Thus in the course of last mentioned the Government of Berne refused to allow a diocese to be erected, but Mgr. Ferrata prevailed upon it to accept an administrator apostolic having episcopal authority. Peace with Rome was the result, which was ultimately ratified by a convention signed at Berne in March, 1888.

This signal success in so difficult a matter was marked by lively appreciation on the part of Pope Leo XIII., who appointed Mgr. Ferrata President of the Academy of Noble Ecclesiastics in Rome (the nursery of the church's diplomats) and canon of Santa Maria Maggiore.

Through his tact and ability Cardinal Ferrata established friendly relations between the Holy See and Belgium, and also did excellent work as Nuncio Apostolic to the French capital, a post which he held for five difficult years and by his moderation and tact kept the storm that was threatening and blackening from breaking.

In 1896 he was created a Cardinal, and returning to Rome he gave himself up to the silent but important and far reaching work of the Roman congregations. Besides the Congregation of Extraordinary Ecclesiastical Affairs, with which he had been so long connected, and the commission for the codification of the canon law instituted by Pius X., Cardinal Ferrata was successfully Prefect of the congregation of indulgences, of rites, of Bishops and regulars, of the sacraments, and on the death of Cardinal Rampolla he became Secretary of the Holy Office. Such in outline is the career of the great prelate who has now been called to the side of the head of the Catholic church as Cardinal Secretary of State.

COMING EVENTS.

November 10—Euchre and lotto by Young Ladies' Sodality of St. John's church at Trinity Hall, afternoon and evening, November 10.

November 14-15—Euchre and lotto, Sts. Mary and Elizabeth Hospital.

November 17-18—Autumn festival of St. James church in parish hall.

November 20—Euchre and lotto, St. Louis Bertrand's church, afternoon and evening.

November 23—Turkey festival for benefit of St. William's church in parish hall.

November 25—Euchre and lotto by Division 3, A. O. H., at Hepiasoph Hall.

RECENT DEATHS.

Friends and relatives feel deep sympathy for Ignatz and Magdalene Ohlman, 1127 Ash street, who on Sunday suffered the loss of their three-year-old daughter, Anna Marie, whose short life brought cheer and happiness into her home. Her funeral was held Wednesday morning from St. Elizabeth's church, attended by a large number of mourners.

The funeral of John Dalton, 427 East Chestnut street, was held Monday morning from St. John's church, of which he was one of the pioneer members. Deceased was a native of Ireland, but came to this country nearly seventy years ago. He was a veteran of the civil war and had long been engaged in the coal business, from which he retired twelve years ago. The late Patrolman Edward Dalton was his son. Surviving him are two daughters, Miss Kate A. Dalton and Mrs. Mayme Van Baskirk, and four grandchildren.

Following an illness of several weeks, Mrs. Bridget Meagher, an aged and highly esteemed member of St. Cecilia's parish, passed from this life Sunday morning at her home, 2427 St. Xavier street. Mrs. Meagher was a native of Ireland, but had lived here more than fifty years. Her husband, William Meagher, died some years ago, and she leaves three sons and three daughters, Anthony, George and William Meagher, and Mrs. Elvora Solomon, Mrs. W. E. Durbeck and Miss Anna Meagher. The funeral was held Tuesday morning from St. Cecilia's church.

The funeral of Patrick K. Coleman, a respected member of St. Columba's church and well known locomotive engineer, was held Saturday morning. Rev. Father Kalaher being the celebrant of the high mass of requiem. For thirty years the deceased had been employed by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, from which ill health caused him to retire about a year ago, making his home with his daughter, Mrs. Carl Zeisner, 2708 West Market street. Besides Mrs. Zeisner he is survived by another daughter and four sisters, Mrs. Margaret Butler, Miss Mary King, Mrs. Annie Coleman and Mrs. Andrew Gorman.

A beautiful young life was closed early Monday morning, when Almighty God called into eternal rest the soul of Miss Anna Elizabeth Ryan, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John J. Ryan, of 1303 South Floyd street. Although her years were few they were well spent in the love and friendship of her Creator and relatives and associates, while in all devotions pertaining to her holy religion Miss Ryan was among the faithful ones. Surviving her are her parents, two brothers, John and Walter Ryan, and two sisters, Misses Susan and Mary Ryan. The funeral was held Wednesday morning from St. Philip Neri's church, Rev. Father Ackermann officiating at the solemn obsequies.

SERVICES REWARDED.

Announcement on Monday of the election of Harry J. Angermeyer to the Vice Presidency of the German Bank was received with expressions of satisfaction and approval throughout the financial and business districts of the city. The new Vice President was formerly assistant cashier of the German Bank, one of the largest financial institutions in this section of the country, and his advancement comes as a reward for twenty years of valued and faithful service. Vice President Angermeyer is a son of an old-time Louisville merchant, and his legion of friends in banking circles and in private life will learn of his success with gratification.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

At the annual meeting of the Pastime Boat and Athletic Club, held Monday night, officers for the following year were elected as follows: Edward J. Reichert, President; William J. Inoride, Vice President; Raymond E. Secretary; R. L. Schmitt, Treasurer; J. C. Hero, Launch Director; Joseph Kelly, Baseball Director; Louis Kiefer, Tennis Director, and John C. Hart, Captain. The Board of Directors will be composed of James J. Gaffney, George B. Carney and Carl Lang. J. C. Hero and John C. Hart were re-elected to their respective positions, having held them the previous year. After the business matters and annual election were disposed of a luncheon was served those present.

ENGAGE MISS HYATT.

Miss Anna Vaughn Hyatt, of New York, has been engaged by the Joan of Arc Committee to model the equestrian statue of the French heroine.

INSURANCE.

Large Number of Men Engaged in Study of Progress of Legislation.

Protected Look Upon It as Passing Show of Present Decade.

Elections Throughout Various States Do Not Verify Above Criticism.

DUTIES OF THE GOVERNMENT

A person supporting several policies in a fraternal insurance society is not deeply interested in the so-called social insurance legislation. To him this agitation appears to be annoyingly radical. His views are influenced by the very nature of his protection, and his first actions are consequently very conservative. Social insurance undoubtedly is meaningless to him, or at the most it is merely a fad, a passing show of the present decade.

The general elections throughout the various States do not verify the above criticism. Social insurance has assumed a real earnestness, in fact so serious that a large number of men who formerly shrugged their shoulders and then forgot about it are now engaged in studying the progress of insurance legislation and the controlling factors. Several States in the Union are contemplating to enter into the insurance business.

The high cost of government no doubt is influenced by the added number of State employees and thus the rule seems to be that the number and size of budgets is directly proportional to the number of employees and size of the office. This consideration, however, should not be the standard in defining the rights and duties of the State Government, nor of any other government. The question involved is not one of efficiency nor of costs and profits, but one of principle. The fundamental principle of the American form of government is a representative government. The powers invested in the Government, and in the case of the Federal Government the powers delegated by the respective States are supposedly equally balanced among that of the executive, the legislative and judiciary. The individual and property rights of each citizen, or person coming under the jurisdiction of that Government, are adequately protected. Today in spite of these guarantees there has grown up a system of paternalism which has resulted in extravagances, waste and an intricate multiplicity of offices and jobs. This is not a defect of the foundation of our Government, but a result of an energetic activity on the part of politicians. And Socialism has thus been able to in-trench itself. A large part of this so-called activity or social legislation is not essentially wrong; on the contrary, it is necessary and even vital. That we need industrial compensation acts, health bureaus, old age insurance and what not, there can be no doubt, but whether this activity should be shouldered by the State in competition with private corporations and organizations is not merely undesirable and unhealthy, but wrong and subversive of the rights and privileges of the individual citizen.

"Man precedes the State," says Pope Leo XIII. "and possesses, prior to the formation of any State, the right of providing for the sustenance of his body. The State must not absorb the individual or the family; both should be allowed free and untrammelled action so far as is consistent with the common good in the interests of others. It should be borne in mind that the chief thing to be realized is the safeguard of private property by legal enactment and public policies."

State insurance, State this or that, is indeed not a guarantee in safeguarding private property. In this particular the State is not protecting but directing private endeavor; it is not encouraging private business but competing with private business. This condition of affairs is commonly known as socialism, when it correctly should be called indifference. Men of influence, officers of organizations, yes, the average citizen, is too indifferent to the needs of his fellowmen. He does not heed the cries of the restless masses, his eyes sense not the ills of the day. Social legislation is not an evil, it is a necessity. It is an evil, however, when in the hands of a paternalistic government. The weaker members of the society, the less circumstanced, need protection by the government, but not charity—his fellowmen and not his government are bound in duty to correct those conditions which oppress him. It is the citizen, not the government, that should participate in this activity, and then social service, and not socialism, will be ever present.

ENCYCICAL DEFERRED.

The Rome correspondent of the New York Times called on Saturday that a Papal document dealing with the war was about to be published when the action of Turkey glibbed the Pope, after a long interview with Cardinal Gasparri, to with-

draw it with a view to bringing it up to date, the situation having been so greatly changed since the pronouncement had been discussed and approved by the leading members of the Sacred College. The Pope wishes to hear the opinion of Cardinals belonging to the countries directly participating in the conflict. It is asserted that his condemnation of the war is very violent—as violent as his condemnation of those responsible for it. From no quarter has there been any confirmation of the foregoing.

GREAT NIGHT.

Division 3, A. O. H., had a great gathering Monday night at the new Hibernian Home on Portland avenue, a real Irish night, when Sergeant Maloney, Lawrence Mackey, Thomas Stevens, Thomas Quinn, Secretary John Hession and Scribner Horan exemplified and conferred the four degrees on a class of nineteen candidates. The building was brilliantly illuminated and many visitors were in attendance, among them the Rev. Father Joseph McAleer, of St. Patrick's; James Shea, Patrick Connelly, John Cosgrove, of Montreal, and William M. Higgins. The exemplification was conducted in an impressive manner, the work of Secretary Hession being especially noticeable. After the initiation the regular order was resumed, the Visiting Committee reporting, the Linkey and William Hardman as improving. An invitation to the coming euchre of the Ladies' Auxiliary was accepted, and the members were urged to co-operate with the ladies in making the affair a success. Much interest was manifested in the Social Club's euchre and bazar, to be held in Heptasoph Hall, Seventeenth and Main, and all present pledged their earnest support. Short talks were made commending the division for its splendid work in securing such an elegant home, and also for what was being done for the future welfare of the order.

MOURN HIS DEATH.

It was with feelings of intense regret that his many friends and relatives in this city and elsewhere learned of the death of Morgan Vance Kennedy on Friday of last week at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. William R. Kennedy, 634 South Thirty-fifth street. Until tuberculosis forced his retirement eighteen months ago he was employed in the office of Auditor of Receipts for the Louisville & Nashville Railroad Company. Only a few years ago he was an active athlete and prominent in baseball and football circles, as well as in Mackin Council, Y. M. I. Besides his parents he is survived by his widow, Mrs. Lena Kennedy; a son, Thomas Edwin Kennedy; two brothers, William F. and James F. Kennedy, and three sisters, Misses Julia, Mary and Alice Kennedy. The funeral was held Sunday afternoon from Holy Cross church, Rev. Father Brey conducting the solemn services. To the bereaved wife and little son is extended most sincere sympathy.

SUDDENLY STRICKEN.

While celebrating her eighth wedding anniversary with a Halloween party at her home, 2539 West Market street, Mrs. Elizabeth Harper, thirty-two years old, beloved wife of John W. Harper, suffered a stroke of heart failure and expired before medical assistance reached the residence. The home was thronged with guests and the sad news spread rapidly and cast a pall of gloom over the neighborhood. Besides her husband Mrs. Harper leaves two small children and her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Holahan. The funeral was held Tuesday morning from St. Anthony's church.

MACKIN COUNCIL.

Mackin Council, Y. M. I., had a rousing meeting and smoker Monday night, when quite a number of applications were received for the joint initiation to be held at Trinity Council Hall on Sunday afternoon, November 15. Tomorrow will be the annual communion Sunday for the deceased members of Mackin Council, and it is expected the entire membership will be present at the 7:30 o'clock mass and receive holy communion in a body. Mackin's Social Club will have only two more reception dances before the close of the fall series, next Tuesday night and Thanksgiving eve, and it is anticipated that they will surpass any popular club has had in the past few years.

CATHOLIC FEDERATION.

The Jefferson County Federation of Catholic Societies will hold its regular monthly meeting next Thursday night in the hall of the Knights of Columbus, 816 South Fourth street, which should be attended by all delegates. Dr. Peter S. Kane, the President, will report the proceedings of the Baltimore convention, and Rev. Cletus Brady, C. P., has been invited to deliver an address on the Mexican situation. Until further notice the Federation will meet monthly in this hall.

BISHOP ACTING PASTOR.

The European war has caused such a shortage in the supply of priests in Mississippi that Right Rev. John E. Gunn, Bishop of the diocese of Natchez, has been compelled to take personal charge of St. Patrick's church at Meridian, Miss., until Rev. William Ten Brink, the pastor, is able to resume his duties. At present Father Ten Brink is marooned in Holland. Bishop Gunn expected several young priests from the American College at Rome, but prevailing conditions in Europe have prevented their coming.

DEMOCRATS

Keep Kentucky in the Fold by Record Breaking Majorities.

One-Third of Beckham's Plurality Received in the Fifth District.

Hats Off to Frank McGrath and the Local Democratic Organization.

KLING'S WONDERFUL SHOWING

While many Democrats throughout the country are mourning the loss of their respective States those in Kentucky are rejoicing over the record-breaking majority given Beckham and Camden for the United States Senatorship, and in addition re-electing the nine Democratic Congressmen with the utmost ease—Barkley in the First district winning by 5,600, Kincheloe in the Second by 4,200, Thomas in the Third by 1,800, Johnson by 4,800 in the Fourth, Shelby by 15,600 (plurality) in the Fifth, Rouse by 7,300 in the Sixth, Cantrill by 7,300 in the Eighth, and Fields by 2,500 in the Ninth. In the Tenth district Langley, the Republican, was re-elected by 3,800, and Powers in the Eleventh by 6,000 over the Fusion nominee. Thus Kentucky still maintains its same representation in Congress, nine Democrats and two Republicans, while the two Senators are Democrats.

The success of the Democrats here is especially wonderful when it is taken into consideration that the Republicans had in Ex-Gov. Willson, the strongest man in their party, with George W. Long and Albert Scott, two veteran and astute campaigners, in charge of the Republican campaign. The prospects for Republican gains were further enhanced by the fact that the Progressive campaign was very lukewarm, Burton Vance and Charles Nicholas, the Senatorial nominees, not even creating a ripple, and the statement of Wood Axton after the election, in which he says "that he will remain a Bull Moose as long as he can find a companion of the same mind in this State," means that he will have to either join the Democratic or Republican ranks. The Progressives, like the American buffalo, are fast disappearing, and Axton's only chance for company is to bring Duncan Clark back to Louisville.

The Democrats of Louisville and Jefferson county are especially proud of their showing in Tuesday's election, this district giving Beckham one-third of his majority in the total vote of the State, and he has stated to representatives of Louisville Democracy that he is deeply grateful for the showing here and that nothing is too good for Louisville and this district in his opinion. This result is especially remarkable when it is considered that in the recent primary Beckham only received 4,237 votes out of a total vote of 15,544 in the August primary, while last Tuesday he received a vote of 21,517, which gave him a plurality over Willson of 2,213 and a majority vote of 4,324 over both Willson and Vance, the majority being exactly eighty-seven votes more than he received in the primary for the nomination. This showing of the Democracy in this district will dissipate forever any feeling that has heretofore existed or was thought to exist between the Louisville and out-in-State Democrats, and most beneficial of all, it will redound to the good of business men here, who felt that there was a feeling between them and the buyers out in the State principally because of this factional feeling among the Democrats.

Gov. Beckham's cause in the primary was handled principally by Frank Dugan, John J. Barry and Edward Humphrey, and to them great credit is due for their valiant fight in his interests, they laboring under a severe handicap, while the success of the ticket this past week is due to the untiring work of Frank McGrath, Chairman of the City and County Committee, who welded every faction into line and the Democratic organization worked together as a unit, every ward and precinct worker rallying to Mr. McGrath's efforts, the result being that the victory was the greatest in twenty years and Congressman Shelby's majority the largest in all his even races. Special mention is due the Forty-fourth precinct of the Seventh ward, where Beckham received 182 plurality; the Eighth precinct of the Eighth ward, where he received 146 plurality, and the Thirty-eighth of the Eleventh ward, where he received 233 plurality, these three being the largest in the city, while St. Helen's precinct in the county was the leader with 157 plurality.

The result in the contest for the Board of Education furnished another surprise when Ben W. Kling, without any organization except that furnished by some of the druggists, rolled up the large vote of 11,319, and this in the face of being opposed by an organization of 100 men and women with thousands of dollars to spend in the interests of the three candidates for re-election and the support of Mayor Buschmeyer and his friends in the city administration.